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CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

INFORMATION REPORT

COUNTRY

North Korea/China

SUBJECT

Industrial Chemical Plants/Production

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1. The ammonium sulphate plant of Asahi Chemical was not located on the Yalu

- River. Nippon Chisso Hiryo K K (Asahi's parent company) operated ammonium sulphate plants at Hungnam (39°51 N 127°37'E) and Pon'gung (39°52'N 127°34'E). The capacity of the plants was 500,000 metric tons per year. Actual production in 1941 was 445,500 metric tons.
- Synthetic ammonia was used in the production of ammonium sulphate.
 Ammonia was also used to produce 14,700 metric tons of nitric acid per year, 160,000 metric tons of ammonium sulphate-diammonium phosphate (P20515.6%; N217.5%) and 14,000 metric tons of ammonium phosphate.
- 3. Synthetic ammonia was produced at Hungman and Pon'gung. The former plant had a capacity of 150,000 metric tons per year and the latter 64,000 metric tons per year.
- 4. Synthetic ammonia was also produced by the Manchurian Chemical Industry Company at Kan-ching-tzu (38°58'N 121°38'E) in Manchuria but I do not know its capacity. A synthetic ammonia plant was under construction at Taigen (sic) North China for the Kahoku Nitrogenous Fertilizer Company, a branch company of the former Noguchi concern. as to the date the plant was under construction.

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- 5. Nitric acid was produced at the Hungman plant of Nippon Chisso Explosives Company, North Korea. The capacity was 30,625 tons per year of dilute acid and 14,700 tons per year of concentrated acid.
- 6. The Manchurian Chemical Industry Co at Kan-ching-tzu, Manchuria, also produced nitric acid, but I do not know its capacity.
- In North Korea, caustic soda and chlorine were produced at the Pon'gung plant of Nippon Chisso Hiryo K K. This plant produced 13,739 tons of sodium hydroxide, 1955 tons of chlorine and 5583 tons of sodium carbonate 11941. The plant capacity was 15,000 tons, 2680 tons, and 10,000 tons respectively.

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上,而此个中央人员的人类的特殊	Location	Name	Px	ocess
	Kan-ching-tzu	Hanchurian Soda Com	in terminal and the second second	lvay
	Shen-yang (41 ⁰ 48'y - 123 ⁰ 27'E)	Yamato Dyestuff Con	mpany El	ectrolysis
	Kaigen (sic)	Manchurian Soda Co	ompany El	ectrolysis
The state of	Shen-yang	Hoten Soda Company		lectrolysis
9.		orth China produced	caustic soda,	capacities
	unknown: <u>Location</u>	Name		rocess
	T'ang-ku (39°01'N - 117°39'E)	Yunli Chemical Ind	lustry Co. S	olvay
		Oriental Chemical	Industry Co. E	trolysis
		Kahoku (North Chir Industry Compe		lectrolysis
	Taigen	Seihoku Jitsugyo (West North China Industry Co) K K		lectrolysis
	(36°04' n - 120°19'E)	Santo Salt Industr	ry Company I	llectrolysis
10	In North Kores, the fol	loving firms produce	d calcium carb: Capacity	ide: Actual Production
	Pon'gung plant of Nippo Hiryo K K	n Chisso	93,600 ton	
	Sosura-dong (42016'N -		60,000 "	unknovn
	Sanchoku Development Co	:)	25,000 "	18,000 tons/yr
	Mitsubishi Chemical Co		20,000 "	15,000 tons/yr
14. 经净收益基金额		Watallimme Cal	16,000 "	10,800
EV4V	Denki Yakin (Electrica)	r we carrier by co.	20,000	Comment of the second property of the
5 X 1X	dia dia mandria di Paris di Pa	ducer of calcium card Co. The capacity of actual production.	oide in Manchur the plant was I do not know o	I suh cercina carpide

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- 13. In Manchuria, three plants produced synthetic fuels. I do not know their capacities but, at best, their production was very minor. They are: (1) The Fu-shun (\$1052 N 123053 E) plant of the Manshu Yukn (Manchurian Oil Industry Company) K K, which utilized the hydrogenation of coal; (2) Manchu Gozel Nemryo (Manchurian Synthetic Fuel) K K, which utilized the Fischer process, and (3) Chi-lin (Kiriz) (\$3051 N 125033 E) plant of Jinzo Sekiyu (Synthetic Oil) K K, which utilized the hydrogenation of coal.
- 14. I am not aware of any synthetic fuel plants in North China. Therefore, possibly there are none.

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